- 1. Rocks are broken up into three major groups:
  - a) magma, metamorphic, and minerals
  - b) igneous, metamorphic, and sedimentary
  - c) sedimentary, sand, and igneous
  - d) sand, mud, and silt
- 2. Rocks that come out of volcanoes form the greater part of the Earth's crust. These rocks are:
  - a) igneous rocks
  - b) basalt
  - c) metamorphic rocks
  - d) granite
- 3. Chalk and limestone are made up of the remains of animals. They are:
  - a) both very hard
  - b) pebbles
  - c) sedimentary rocks
  - d) conglomerates
- 4. From deep within the earth molten magma bubbles up, heating rocks that surround it. This process turns igneous and sedimentary rocks:
  - a) gneiss
  - b) slate
  - c) marble
  - d) metamorphic rocks
- 5. This is the name of the solid rock beneath the soil:
  - a) extrusive rock
  - b) limestone
  - c) bedrock
  - d) granite
- 6. The concept that Earth's upper layer, or lithosphere, is divided into large, quite rigid segments which float over the more dense upper mantle, is termed
  - a) pushing margins
  - b) plate tectonics
  - c) floating continents
  - d) convection currents
- 7. The plates of the Earth move because of
  - a) pressure from volcanoes
  - b) bumping from bubbling magma
  - c) convection currents in the mantle
  - d) earthquake activity
- 8. Two obvious ways plate tectonic activity can be witnessed is in
  - a) wind and ocean currents
  - b) earthquakes and volcanoes
  - c) avalanches and snowstorms
  - d) changing weather patterns
- 9. An earthquake's magnitude is measured with a tool that records the size of seismic waves, called a
  - a) seismograph
  - b) telegraph
  - c) Richter scale
  - d) sonic recorder

- 10. Most earthquakes occur
  - a) in the middle of the ocean
  - b) where volcanoes are
  - c) near major cities
  - d) along plate boundaries
- 11. Earthquakes and volcanoes share which of the following in common?
  - a) they both occur along plate boundaries
  - b) they both can involve explosive movement
  - c) they are both related to plate tectonic activity
  - d) all of the above
- 12. This is the highest volcano in Europe.
  - a) Mount Mazama
  - b) Mount Apo
  - c) Mount Etna
  - d) none of the above
- 13. What do we call molten hot liquid rock while it is still below the Earth's surface?
  - a) Magma
  - b) Igneous
  - c) Cinder
  - d) Lava
- 14. What kind of rocks are formed when lava from a volcano cools?
  - a) Metamorphic rocks
  - b) Igneous rocks
  - c) Sedimentary rocks
  - d) Meteorites
  - e) Magma rocks